HOW TO SET UP YOUR BUSINESS IN LONDON





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About this guide

How to set up your business in London is published by London & Partners, the official promotional company for London.

Inside you'll find:

Essential steps: things you must do when setting up a business in London. **Insights and lessons learned:** overseas companies who have expanded to London tell us what went right and what went wrong.

Guidance from our professional

partners: expert insights on tax, property, finance, legislation, recruitment, research and development, intellectual property, PR, social media and more.

Opportunities: we highlight growth spots, tax and financial breaks, and emerging trends.



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AIRBNB

London & Partners is such an obvious partner: authoritative, impartial and free.

CHRISTOPHER LUKEZIC **HEAD OF COMMUNICATIONS - EMEA** ABOUT LONDON & PARTNERS

LONDON & PARTNERS

We've learnt from the best – people like you

Who better to ask about succeeding in London than the overseas companies already based here.



London & Partners' business team has helped hundreds of companies from more than 40 countries set up and grow their business in London.

We are delighted to present this guide, which combines the insights and experience of those who have made the leap to this thriving city, with the very latest professional advice from our extensive network of partners.

From the processes of setting up tax and legal entities through to practical advice on organising visas and recruiting staff, establishing your office and promoting your business, you'll find expert guidance and tips from some of the best in the business.

One key theme runs throughout: a deep understanding of the opportunities offered by London's beneficial business regulations and culture. No matter how well you know the UK and its capital, this guide is designed to help you make the right choices when it comes to fitting out your office, networking, managing your reputation and even finding somewhere to live.

And because London is one of the world's best cities in which to play as well as work, we have included a lifestyle section in order to highlight London's world-class theatres and galleries, sporting events and green spaces.

As London's official promotional company, dedicated to helping companies like yours realise their exciting ambitions, we look forward to making sure that you set up, succeed and grow in London.



GORDON INNES CEO LONDON & PARTNERS

London & Partners

London & Partners is the official promotional company for London. We help overseas businesses set up and grow in the capital.





Our expert team offers free advice to potential investors, from start-ups to established companies, to help them explore how London can play a role in their global business.

We provide bespoke advice based around business drivers to help companies make better informed decisions more quickly. Working with a network of partners, we provide investors with the information they need to take advantage of London's opportunities from day one.

Free and confidential, our services include:

- >> building the business case for London
- >> sector-specific information and contacts
- >> finding the best property in the right locations
- access to high-quality professional, legal and accountancy advice through our network of commercial partners
- advice on relocation
- help finding the best people from London's huge pool of talent and skills
- >> connecting companies to London's business networks.

Contact us to see how we can help.

business@londonandpartners.com www.invest.london

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I was trying to keep costs down and I was doing everything myself. I couldn't ask for money from my company until I started generating revenue. I wasn't experienced in setting up a company. Then London & Partners came along. It was like a breath of fresh air for me: a big relief.

SERGIO ANIDJAR DIRECTOR BEDROCK EUROPE

IN 2013, WE HELPED 260 INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES SET UP OPERATIONS IN LONDON.

ABOUT LONDON & PARTNERS WHY EXPAND TO LONDON

Why expand to London

London is one of the world's most exciting, dynamic and profitable cities in which to establish a business. Here are a dozen reasons why you should set up here.



Access to Europe's

500 million consumers.

Office hours overlap

20% corporation tax. Lowest in the G7.

with countries generating

99% of global GDP.

Entrepreneur visas for those seeking start-up funding.

Leading digital hub:

Tech City.

London and Partners was very helpful when we were looking at where and how to expand our London sales office. They have also provided helpful advice on growing our UK business.

ARIEL ECKSTEIN MANAGING DIRECTOR EMEA LINKEDIN

66 33

Direct flights to more than 330 destinations.

Fewer restrictions on doing business than in most other major European cities.

First for qualified staff in Europe.

More European HQs than 230 languages spoken. any other city in Europe.



SHERLOCK HOLMES

30% tax relief on investments up to £1 million.

Number one European city for the number of patents registered in healthcare, informatics, nanotechnology, wireless technology and video games.

ABOUT LONDON & PARTNERS
WHY EXPAND TO LONDON

Innovation capital

66 One of the strongest regions and cities on the planet is London. It's highly attractive, and it offers one of the best prospects for business development and innovative thinking. London is the showcase for our work throughout Europe and is paramount in our global strategy."

Jeff Brennan Vice President Marketing Finsphere Corporation

Commerce and culture combined

thanks to its incredible mix of commerce, culture and people. If you want to grow outside the United States you've got to come to London."

Shimon Bokovza Founder and Managing Partner SushiSamba

Capital, clients and people

Our decision to expand to London was based on three classic elements: access to capital, access to clients and access to people."

Ben Chesser CEO Footfall123 LONDON IS EUROPE'S
NUMBER ONE CITY
FOR FOREIGN DIRECT
INVESTMENT, ATTRACTING
MORE OVERSEAS
COMPANIES THAN ANY
OTHER CITY IN EUROPE.



Overseas companies reveal the critical role London & Partners has played in their expansion plans.

Fast forward business growth

walk in the park. Coming to London was so much easier compared to other cities. We had a lot of support from London & Partners – what normally takes months took one week."

Albinder Dhindsa Head of International Operations Zomato

Starting out

Their service is indispensable to a new start-up business like ours. They helped us every step of the way in our development. I can't speak more highly of their contribution to our work. We are extremely grateful. We think they have done a brilliant job."

Vincent Fan Deputy General Manager China Daily UK

Seek sound advice

Guse London & Partners as a sounding board and a counsellor. For me, it was a pretty steep learning curve, and there were things that we weren't used to such as UK employment law. It helped to have London & Partners explain everything."

Ben Geliher Co-Founder If You Can





Legal entities

When you decide to establish a business in London, you need to set up a legal entity. NILESH SHAH, Partner at chartered accountants Blick Rothenberg, takes you through the options.

Why do I have to set up a UK entity?

There are several reasons. Under the Companies Act, an overseas company setting up in the UK must register a UK establishment. This only applies if you haven't already set up a UK subsidiary, for which see below. Also, you can only make immigration applications for inter-group transfers (Tier 2) if you've set up your UK entity as either an establishment or a subsidiary.

How do I decide what kind of legal entity to set up?

Ask yourself: what are my commercial aims? Your answers will determine the type of operation that you need to establish and help define your legal and tax status.

What are the most common legal entities?

There are two: a UK private limited company, known as a subsidiary, or a UK branch of your overseas company, known as a UK establishment.

Which is the best legal entity?

Many customers and suppliers prefer dealing with a UK company, so setting up a subsidiary is often the best option.

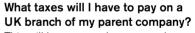


What is the legal status of a subsidiary company?

It is a separate legal entity from the parent company even though it will be wholly owned by the parent company. It must file, on public record, annual accounts. It is liable for UK corporation tax on its profits but it may be able to take advantage of reduced rates of corporation tax depending on the size of profits globally.

What is the status of a UK branch of a parent company?

It will be legally the same entity as the parent, meaning that all profits or losses of the UK establishment are incorporated with those of your overseas parent and all debts and liabilities of the UK establishment belong to the overseas parent. It should be registered with Companies House within one month of being established.



This will be assessed on a case-by-case basis. For example, work undertaken in preparation for the eventual setting up of a taxable presence may be non-taxable. If the UK activities are taxable, UK corporation tax is payable on the UK establishment's profits, via the submission of an annual tax return.

Does a UK branch of my parent company qualify for tax relief?

Double tax relief is usually available in the parent company jurisdiction.

Will I have to file accounts?

Yes, annually, and these accounts will be publicly available.

blickrothenberg.com

Correct as of June 2015

FORMING A UK ENTITY

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY



Taking control of the exploitation and protection of your inventions, designs, branding, and goods and services is critical to innovation and to the success, of any business starting up in the UK, says JOANNE VENGADESAN, Partner of law firm Penningtons Manches LLP.

What intellectual property rights are there in the UK?

Identifying and (where appropriate) registering intellectual property rights, along with establishing a strong IP strategy and brand identity is a vital way of ensuring you retain control of the use of your IP rights to generate access to markets, returns on your investment or other commercial benefits.

Intellectual property rights are treated as intangible forms of property that are capable of ownership and, in some cases, registration.

- Patents: a monopoly protection of a new invention capable of industrial application. A patent must be applied for and granted to exist
- >> Trade marks: marks used to differentiate your goods and are capable of registration.
- >> Design rights: protect the appearance of a purely functional product and are capable of registration.
- >> Copyright: protects the form of expression of ideas and, while not capable of registration, is often asserted with the '©' mark.
- >>> Know-how: practical information resulting from experience and testing that can be protected as confidential information to maintain its secrecy and therefore is not capable of registration.
- Coodwill: goodwill, custom and exclusive right to carry on a business under the business name. Goodwill is not strictly an IP right and is not capable of registration.

Registering your IP rights is an important investment that generates significant practical, commercial and legal benefits. Of course one must balance the cost and effort of filing registrations with the benefit of the protection received. In order to maximise this benefit, we would always recommend that you engage specialists as there are pitfalls and it is important to secure the full protection offered by IP rights for the key assets of your business.



UK intellectual property fees table

Patents	Trade marks	Design rights
Application fee for a patent application: £20-£30.	Application to register a trade mark: £170-£200 plus £50 for each additional class.	Registration of a single design or the first design in any multiple application: £60 and £40 for every additional design in any multiple application.
Request for opinion as to validity or infringement: £200.	Renewal of trademark registration: £200 plus £50 for each additional class.	Deferring registration and publication of a design: \$40 for a single design or the first design in any multiple application and \$20 for every additional design in a multiple application.
Application for grant of a Supplementary Protection Certificate: \$250.	Application to record a change of ownership: £50.	Requesting publication and registration of deferred designs: £40 per design.

penningtons.co.uk



What?

A new scheme that allows companies to apply a 10% rate of corporation tax to all profits attributable to qualifying patents, whether paid separately as royalties or embedded in the sales price of products.

Who?

A broad range of sectors including electronics, defence, pharmaceuticals, life sciences and manufacturing can benefit.

Why?

To incentivise companies to retain and commercialise existing patents and to develop new, innovative patented products.

And not forgetting...

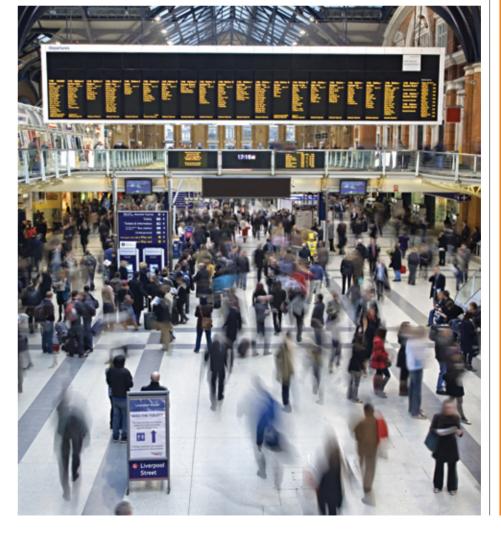
The regime will also apply to some other IP rights such as plant variety rights, data protection and supplementary protection certificates (SPCs).

Visit the HM Revenue & Customs website to find out more.

hmrc.gov.uk



- development and manufacture of products and services including who was involved, the dates of creation or design and when they were first shown outside your organisation.
- 2 Arrange searches of registers and other sources before applying for a patent, trade mark or design to minimise the risk that it may infringe others' rights.
- 3 Maintain contact details of consultants, subcontractors, designers or other service providers and obtain assignments of any rights they create on your behalf.
- 4 Make use of trading standards and customs authorities who have powers to prevent the circulation of counterfeit goods.
- 5 Cybersquatting of a ".co.uk" domain name can be dealt with easily and efficiently at the UK's Nominet resolution service.
- **6** Promptly seek legal advice if you suspect your rights are being infringer



penningtons.co.uk

Tax structures

Which taxes should concern you, what rates should you pay and what are your legal obligations? NILESH SHAH, Partner at Blick Rothenberg, covers the highlights.



Corporation tax

What?

You will be asked to pay corporation tax on the profits your UK business makes.

How much?

The corporation tax rate is 20%. This applies regardless of the level of profits earned.

Who works it out?

You are required to calculate your own company tax liability and file an annual return of your results over the company accounting period. You should seek specialist advice to make sure that your business is structured in the most taxefficient way and that you know how much corporation tax you need to pay and when.

Income tax

What?

Income tax is generally deducted from your salary on a monthly basis, through an employer-run system known as 'pay as you earn' (PAYE), and automatically paid to HMRC.

How much?

As an employee, you will pay between 0% and 45% tax, depending on your earnings.

Employer responsibilities

As an employer, you should seek professional advice regarding the most tax-efficient payment system for your employees and advice on how to calculate income tax liabilities for foreign nationals.

How much income tax will you pay?

The first £10,000 of your earnings is covered by your personal allowance (0% tax). The next £31,785 is taxed at the basic rate of 20%. The higher rate of 40% applies to income between £31,786 and £150,000, after which the maximum rate of 45% applies.

National insurance

What?

A type of social security.

Who?

Both employers and employees are subject to National Insurance contributions as a percentage of the gross salary paid to an employee.

How to calculate?

As an employer you must calculate this amount and pay it to HMRC on a monthly basis, along with the PAYE tax. Current rates for employees are 12% of salary between $\mathfrak{L}155$ and $\mathfrak{L}815$ per week, and then a further 2% on income above that limit. For employers, the rate is 13.8% of total salary above $\mathfrak{L}156$ per week. As an overseas national you may also be subject to UK National Insurance.

Value-added tax (VAT)

What?

VAT is the UK sales tax.

How much?

If the annual turnover of your UK business exceeds £82,000 per year you are required to register with HMRC and pay this tax on your sales. The VAT rate applicable depends upon the goods or services you supply. The standard rate is currently 20%. A reduced rate (5%) or a rate of zero can apply.

Who to ask for advice?

VAT legislation is complex and you should seek expert advice to make sure that you are paying the correct rate of VAT.

blickrothenberg.com

Correct as of June 2015



EXPERT TIPS: LEGAL MATTERS

NILESH SHAH, Partner at Blick Rothenberg, shares his advice

Understanding VAT

by businesses if they are making sales that total £81,000 or more. The main areas where VAT should be considered are importing goods for resale; providing services from overseas to private individuals in Europe; and digital businesses who are transacting with businesses and individuals in different jurisdictions: consideration should be given to this when building platforms/commercial websites so that information is captured correctly for reporting purposes. None of the above issues are difficult if they are considered upfront.

Explore R&D tax incentives

The UK has become a great place to undertake R&D. R&D tax incentives are available to any companies undertaking innovative scientific or technological research work. The incentives are most attractive for SMEs, which can claim a deduction of 230% of R&D expenditure. SMEs with tax losses can claim a cash credit of up to \$32.63 for every \$100 spent on R&D. Businesses find that many unexpected areas of development, particularly around software and technology generally, are innovative and qualify as R&D. Large companies are eligible to claim an R&D Expenditure Credit (RDEC), which provides tax relief equal to 8.8% of qualifying R&D spend. If the company is loss-making, relief takes the form of a cash credit. If you have a patented product, the profits from the exploitation of the patent could qualify to be taxed at only 10%.

Practical steps Visas Immigration compliance Bank accounts **Telecommunications** Insurance Recruiting staff PAYE and NIC Staff contracts Setting up the office 16

Organising visas

Bringing over skilled non-European staff to set up and run a London business needs early planning to ensure that you can get the right talent to London in time for your launch, says CHARLIE PRING, Senior Counsel, Taylor Wessing.

As the UK is part of the European Economic Area (EEA), citizens of any countries in the EEA and Switzerland can work freely in the UK and across Europe under freedom of worker rules (although there are limited restrictions in place for Croatian nationals). If you plan to transfer a non-European employee from an overseas office to set up and run your new UK operation as the first employee on the ground in the UK, that person should usually apply for a sole representative visa before you start trading in the UK.

The UK will have a referendum before the end of 2017 to vote on whether the UK should remain in the European Union. Although UK employers can currently hire EEA workers without restriction, that concession would be likely to change in the case of a UK vote to exit the EU.

After your UK entity has commenced trading or hired UK based employees, often the only way to bring key overseas employees to work in the UK is for your UK entity to obtain a sponsor licence from the UK immigration authorities. Although the sponsor licence processing time is typically two to four weeks from submission, a start-up UK employer

(meaning one in operation for less than 18 months) cannot apply for a licence until it has a UK bank account, which often takes several weeks to arrange due to the strict due diligence checks that UK banks are required to perform. It can often take at least three months from the sole representative arriving in the UK before the sponsor licence is granted and the next work visa can be issued. However, timing will depend on a range of factors, such as the speed of visa processing in the country where the visa application is submitted.

Once the licence is in place, non-EEA employees can come to work for your UK entity under a Tier 2 Intra-Company Transfer (ICT) or Tier 2 General work visa, provided that the company has complied with any applicable conditions. Once the UK office has issued a certificate of sponsorship (electronic work permit), the visa application process overseas usually takes around two to four weeks from submission, but again careful planning is required. Expedited processing is available in some countries.

There is only one chance to bring over a non-EEA national as a sole representative during the life of the entity in the UK.

PRACTICAL STEPS
ORGANISING VISAS



Visa type	Ideal for	Applicants must	Resulting in	Don't forget	How long to organise?
Sole representative visa	Established senior employee of an overseas business that does not have any presence in the UK. Applicants must not be majority shareholders of the parent business.	Be the UK entity's first hire and be responsible for running the new UK office, which must be set up as a wholly owned subsidiary or establishment (branch).	A three-year visa, extendable by a further two years. Permanent residency after five years' continuous stay.	You must meet English language requirements and be based full time in the UK (personal and business travel is permitted).	2–4 weeks from application.
Tier 1 entrepreneur visa	Business owners and founders: there are no restrictions on the size of shareholding in the new London business.	Have access to at least £200,000 (£50k in some limited cases) to invest into a trading UK company (other than a property business). Also need: >>> Sufficient personal maintenance funds >>> English language >>> To meet a "genuine entrepreneur" test assessing track record and credibility.	A 40-month visa, extendable by a further two years. Permanent residency after five years, but can be accelerated in some circumstances.	You can only extend your visa beyond 40 months if you invest the required level of funds (\$200k or \$50k) into a UK business, register as a UK director or as self-employed, and create at least two full-time jobs for settled workers lasting at least 12 months each.	2–8 weeks from application (can sometimes take several months).
Tier 1 exceptional talent visa	Internationally recognised leaders or emerging leaders in the fields of science, humanities, engineering, medicine, digital technology or the arts.	Receive an endorsement from one of the designated endorsing bodies: Arts Council England; British Academy; Royal Academy of Engineering; Royal Society or Tech City UK.	A 5 year visa, Leads to permanent residency after 5 years.	This is a capped visa category with a total of only 1,000 visas available each year. The bar for endorsement is set high, which has resulted in a low volume of applications in this route.	Up to 3 months depending on timing of endorsement
Tier 2 visas	 >> Sponsored visa for skilled workers >> You will need a sponsorship licence from UK Visas & Immigration >> There are minimum skill and salary levels for all Tier 2 visas >> A 12 month cooling off period often applies from the end of a Tier 2 visa or UK assignment preventing the migrant from applying overseas for a new Tier 2 visa, but it does not apply if salary is at least £155,300 per year 			Licence for start-ups: approx. 2-3 months from having first employee on the ground in UK.	
Tier 2 Intra Company Transfers (ICT)	Transferring skilled overseas-based non-EU employees from overseas group companies to your UK operation.	Be paid at least £41,500 a year (£24,800 for visas up to 12 months duration), or the minimum market rate for the role if higher.	A visa of up to five years in total (or nine years if annual salary is at least £155,300). Does not lead to permanent residency.	After a maximum of five years (nine years if annual salary is at least £153,500), the employee must leave the UK. During the period of the visa, the employee cannot change employer or change to a Tier 2 General visa, unless the new annual salary is at least £155,300.	2–4 weeks from application (but a sponsor licence must be in place first).
Tier 2 General	Hiring other skilled non-EU staff that are ineligible for Tier 2 ICT visas, that want to leave the door open on permanent residency or that are outside your 'employing group' (eg recruits from other UK businesses currently on Tier 2 visas with another sponsor).	Be paid a minimum salary of £20,800 a year (or the minimum market rate for the role, if higher) and meet English language requirements.	A visa capped at six years (up to five years initially with an extension to six years in total). Leads to permanent residency after five years.	Applicants must not own more than 10% of the business. The UK business may need to advertise the role for at least 28 days before arranging a visa to a non-EU national, but various exemptions apply. Hiring of a non-EEA citizen resident outside the UK requires additional permission to recruit against the UK's immigration cap (20,700 visas per year). Sponsors are exempt from the shareholding restriction, advertising and the cap if UK salary is at least £155,300 per year.	2–4 weeks from application (but a sponsor licence must be in place first).



Make sure your set-up strategy takes account of a possible gap of several months between getting the first employee on the ground on a sole representative visa and getting the next employee(s) over on a sponsored Tier 2 visa, advises CHARLIE PRING, Senior Counsel at law firm Taylor Wessing.

Checklist: sole representative visa

An overseas business intending to send a senior non-European employee over to the UK to set up and run its UK office should arrange for the employee to apply for a 'sole representative' visa, officially called a 'representative of an overseas business' visa. Currently, this visa leads to permanent residency after five years.

As with most UK visas, the sole representative's family members — meaning spouse/long-term co-habiting partner or children under 18 — will be able to apply to accompany the main applicant to the UK. They will be granted visas for the same duration as the sole representative and the partner/spouse will be able to work for any UK employer without restriction.

An overseas business can only have one sole representative; usually, any other non-European employees requiring a work visa will not be able to work for the UK business until the UK entity has a sponsor licence to grant sponsored Tier 2 work permits.



You can apply for a sole representative visa if:

- or 'other representative' (for example, a UK-based employee) already in the UK. It is still possible to obtain a sole representative visa if the UK establishment/subsidiary has already been set up (and registered a UK bank account or taken other preliminary steps), but the application will be refused if the UK entity has already commenced trading, which means that the UK entity must not have signed any customer/commercial contracts or hired UK employees
- your proposed new UK entity will be an establishment (registered branch) or wholly owned by the overseas business
- your UK operation will carry out the same type of business as the overseas corporation.

The sole representative must:

- not be a majority shareholder, meaning that the employee must own 50% or less of the overseas business
- meet English language requirements

 citizens of majority English speaking countries qualify automatically
- be based full time in the UK, although there is flexibility for business or personal travel
- b) disclose various company and personal documents to support the application, including evidence of the trading status of the overseas business (e.g. financial statements) and the role and seniority of the employee. A detailed business plan for the new UK operation will also need to be disclosed.

taylorwessing.com



The Tier 1 entrepreneur visa allows non-EEA/Swiss citizens to establish or take over a business in the UK. JAMES KLEIN, Partner at commercial and private law firm Penningtons Manches LLP, explains.

Immigration for individuals

In most cases, individuals applying for a Tier 1 entrepreneur visa must have access to at least £200,000 of investment funds (own or third-party). The initial visa will be granted for twenty months, and further leave will be granted if certain requirements are met. Investment in a business that owns residential property or is involved in property development or property management is not acceptable for visa purposes.

Immigration for companies

Businesses with a base in the UK may wish to recruit non-EEA/Swiss members of staff. In order to do so, they will need a sponsorship licence.

To gain a sponsorship licence, the UK organisation must:

- the UK organisation must:apply to the UK Visas and
- Immigration to register as a sponsor
 provide a substantial number of documents that demonstrate that it is an established entity in the UK
- >> be able to comply with duties set out by the UK Visas and Immigration.

penningtons.co.uk

Please note: visa timings fluctuate and the UK's immigration rules and minimum salary thresholds often change at short notice. Salary thresholds are correct as at June 2015, but typically change on 6 April each year. The UK's immigration rules for work visas are expected to become more restrictive for businesses in the period following the General Election in May 2015.

Bank accounts, telecommunications and insurance

Opening a bank account: documentation checklist

When you set up your business in London, you will also set up a business bank account. MICHAEL EDWARDS, Inward Investment manager at HSBC, tells you what you'll need to bring along if you've set up a company or limited liability partnership (LLP).

- >> Business customer application form: detailing company activities, projected turnover, transactions details, directors and beneficial owners and principal controllers, including the personal addresses and dates moved in.
- Mandate for companies registered under the Companies Act: contains details of all signatories to the account.
- >> Registration of the company: UK companies should provide the company registration number. Overseas companies should provide a certificate of incorporation.
- >> Identification and verification of address: a recent bank statement or

- utility bill for all beneficial owners, directors and people who may be considered principle controllers of the business.
- >> Company structure chart: detailing ownership and respective percentage share held.
- Bank statements: if your company is a newly registered subsidiary of an existing company, you will need to provide statements for your parent company original or certified copies of the latest three months. If the business is new, you must provide original or certified copies of the latest three months of the personal bank statements of the business owners, directors and principal controllers.
- Audited accounts: if your business wants to borrow money from the bank, the bank may request copies of your financial accounts.

hsbc.co.uk





Plan your telephone, internet and TV connections carefully, says STEVE RUDD, Business Development Manager at IT services provider ITRM.

Most people don't realise that it can take between four to six weeks to install telephone lines and up to 60 working days to install a dedicated leased internet connection.

You have a choice of analogue or digital telephone lines. I would recommend a digital system. This will give you a single main number together with direct dial numbers for each member of your team. You will also be able to divert and transfer calls.

There is a new cost-competitive digital system called Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), which allows you to install a dedicated internet connection and break out voice calls.

Regarding TV, lots of US companies like to have international stations such as Bloomberg. You have three choices. Fibre connections are good as long as you are in a connected area. A set-top box is another option, but many channels aren't available. The third option is satellite TV provider Sky, which requires a dish. In some areas you'll need planning permission to put a dish on the roof, and permission is not always granted due to planning restrictions.

Also be aware that if you go to a major provider such as BT — and you don't have a credit history in the UK — you will probably be asked to pay rental up front. We're a BT reseller so offer to take the cost on your behalf.

itrm.co.uk

Insurance: are you covered?

In the UK, insurance protection is compulsory to cover you against a number of risks. You must arrange insurance as soon as your new company employs staff. Once you have acquired your premises and are ready for trading, you should arrange for the following insurance protection:

- Assets: buildings and/or tenants' improvements; contents; computer equipment; stock; marine cargo; goods in transit; money and securities; fraud and dishonesty.
- >> Income: either gross income or gross profit; increased costs of working to

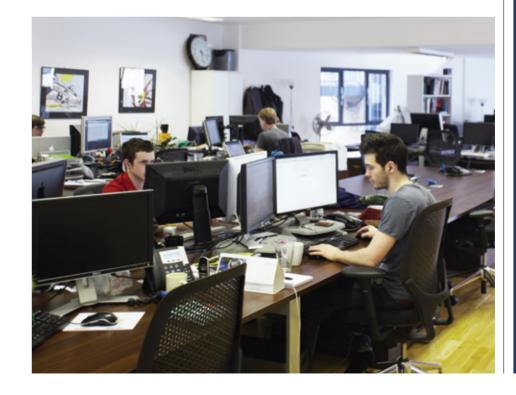
- maintain income or services. You should also consider taking advanced loss-of-profit insurance.

 Liabilities: employers' liability: public are
- >> Liabilities: employers' liability; public and products liability; professional/services liability; internet liability; libel and slander; breach of copyright.
- >> People: personal accident; business travel; private healthcare; executive protection.
- Other risks: motor insurance; credit insurance; engineering inspection; and legal expenses.

hse.gov.uk









Getting the right insurance is crucial in the UK, says MATTHEW CLARK of independent insurance broker La Playa. A bad insurance decision could break your business.

As the 'cradle' of insurance, London is a centre of excellence – but it's important to work with a specialist broker who really understands your work and business risks. That way, you'll probably get better terms and avoid gaps in cover or over-paying.

Some insurance is mandatory. UK law requires that you hold:

- >> Employers' liability insurance to cover compensation and legal costs if an employee suffers work-related injury or illness
- >> Third party motor insurance if you plan to use vehicles in the UK individual or 'fleet' policy.

With the UK increasingly litigious, it's important to have the right liability insurances: legal costs (think intellectual property infringement, service failure, contract breach, data breach, defamation, unfair dismissal, faulty product...) can be crippling.

If your existing insurance can't be extended for your London activities, talk to us about establishing a customised programme to protect your business as it grows. You'll also need a compliant pension plan to cover staff – we can help with that too.

laplaya.co.uk

PRACTICAL STEPS

RECRUITING STAFF

Recruiting staff

To be successful in London, you need to recruit and develop the best staff. You may also want to transfer staff from your offices in other markets. This chapter tells you what to consider when relocating, recruiting and paying your team.





As an employer, you are responsible for withholding income tax and National Insurance Contributions (NIC). KIKI STANNARD, Partner at Fitzgerald and Law LLP, takes you through your obligations.

What?

Pay As You Earn (PAYE) is the system used to compute income tax on an employee's pay. HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) provide a Tax Code that reflects the employee's personal circumstances in order to collect the correct amount of income tax from pay during the year. NIC are also subject to withholding. The employee's NIC provides an entitlement to state benefits, including a pension. Employer NIC are due on a percentage of pay and benefits in addition to the employee's NIC.

How?

You will need to register as an employer with HMRC (hmrc.gov.uk) to be issued with an employer reference and PAYE guide.



The tax and NI should be paid to HMRC by the 19th of the calendar month following the payment. Failure to operate PAYE and NIC withholding at the right time and pay HMRC can result in interest and penalties.

Other benefits?

Employers are also responsible for reporting benefits in kind provided to employees, such as medical insurance and share incentive plans, at the end of the tax year. The value of these benefits will be subject to income tax and employer NIC.

Exemptions and opting out?

In some cases, for internationally mobile staff, an exemption from PAYE and NIC may be available if the visits are short term and the individual remains employed abroad. The exemption must be agreed with HMRC. There are also tax exemptions for specific benefits provided by the employer such as HMRC-approved share plans, Childcare Vouchers, Cycle to Work and pensions. These are subject to specific conditions and monetary limits.

fitzandlaw.com



IF YOU'RE LOOKING FOR SENIOR EXECUTIVES, SALES AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STAFF OR ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, LONDON & PARTNERS CAN INTRODUCE YOU TO THE BEST RECRUITMENT AGENCIES, HELP YOU RECRUIT STAFF WITH THE SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE YOU NEED, AND SHOW YOU HOW TO TAP INTO FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT.



UK employment law is influenced by European employment regulation but does have its own rules and requirements, advises KIKI STANNARD, Partner at Fitzgerald and Law LLP.

It is necessary to have an employment contract or written agreement specifying the terms of the employment including pay, benefits, working hours, job description, annual leave, confidential information and restrictive covenants.

There are specific employment laws that provide the minimum requirements for any employment. These cover working time directives, statutory sick pay, annual leave, maternity pay and maternity/paternity leave as well as non-discrimination on the grounds of gender, age, disability, race, sexual orientation and religion or belief.

Employers also have statutory responsibilities in relation to verifying the employee's identity and right to work in the UK, procedures on termination of employment, and withholding tax on pay and benefits.

fitzandlaw.com

PRACTICAL STEPS

RECRUITING STAFF



How should you choose between recruitment agencies, do-it-yourself advertising and the job centre? IAN WARD, Sales Director of People First, specialist recruiter of multilingual office support and supply chain/logistics staff, has the answers.

people-first.co.uk

	Why do it?	Any downsides?
Recruitment agency	Less stress Agencies handle the whole process on your behalf, including: advertising, sourcing candidates via online databases and social media; screening CVs and interviewing short-listed candidates to assess suitability; co-ordinating interviews and negotiating offers. Speed Agencies have existing databases of pre-screened candidates, ready to start work. Peace of mind Agencies have an understanding of UK recruitment and employment legislation, which can prove invaluable. Fees tend to be either success-based or payable in stages, so if your agency doesn't find your ideal candidate, you won't be out of pocket; in addition, most agencies offer a free replacement or rebate clause.	Fees One-off consultancy fees for permanent and fixed-term recruitment typically range from 15-25% of the candidate's annual salary.
Advertising/online sourcing	Control You can advertise for staff on your own website, via online job boards, social media, specialist trade press and local or national newspapers.	Cost and time It may be difficult to choose the best platform for your advertisement and to target the right candidates. It can be expensive, and screening applications, interviewing and hiring can also be time-consuming. No ultimate guarantee of success.
Jobcentre Plus	Free of charge This government-run employment agency finds candidates for you.	Skills More difficult to find staff with specialist skills or a proven track record.
Colleges and universities	Raw talent Contact the careers department of colleges and universities if you are recruiting around the end of the academic year (May/June) and are looking for graduates for trainee positions.	Experience Less suitable if you need candidates with specific work experience.



Which employment contract should you use – permanent, fixed-term, or temporary? IAN WARD, Sales Director of People First, offers his advice.

people-first.co.uk

I want	Use	Resulting in
Fully engaged staff who will commit on a long-term basis.	An open-ended, full-time or part-time permanent contract.	A long-term investment in the business.
Someone for an agreed period for a specific task.	A fixed-term contract.	The right person for the job within the allotted time and budget.
The ability to increase and decrease support at short notice to cater for changes in demand.	A recruitment agency and employ someone using a temporary contract.	Flexible, on-demand staff. The recruitment agency will handle the payment of wages, statutory deductions and other related administration.



Attracting top talent is key to the success of any business. There is always a shortage of skilled candidates, particularly for niche roles, and there may be a lot of competition to entice candidates to move, not least from the candidate's current employer. To be an employer of choice you will need to consider offering some kind of benefits scheme. The following could be considered:

- >> Medical insurance: access to private healthcare for the individual is often one of the most common benefits offered by employers and one of the most valued by employees.
- >> Flexible working: this can include flexi-time, working from home, job share or part-time working to help employees to maintain a work/life balance.
- >> Annual leave: the statutory minimum for annual leave in the UK is 28 days including Bank Holidays, but many employers offer in excess of this. Some companies also offer the opportunity for employees to accrue extra holidays through long service.
- Stakeholder pension: between 2012 and 2016 it will become compulsory for all employers to offer their employees access to a pension scheme and to make contributions on their behalf. The date when employers must begin making contributions depends on the number of employees on the organisation's payroll.

- >> Transport: a season ticket loan for the price of an annual train ticket is valued by employees commuting by public transport.
- workforce is a productive workforce.

 Some employers offer gym
 membership so that employees can
 exercise before or after work, or even
 during their lunch hour.
- >> Childcare: some employers offer a childcare voucher scheme which could ensure that employees realise substantial tax savings on childcare costs.

No matter how wonderful your brand or exciting the role, candidates still appreciate little perks, and these may represent the tipping point where a candidate chooses your offer over another.

people-first.co.uk

PRACTICAL STEPS
SETTING UP YOUR OFFICE

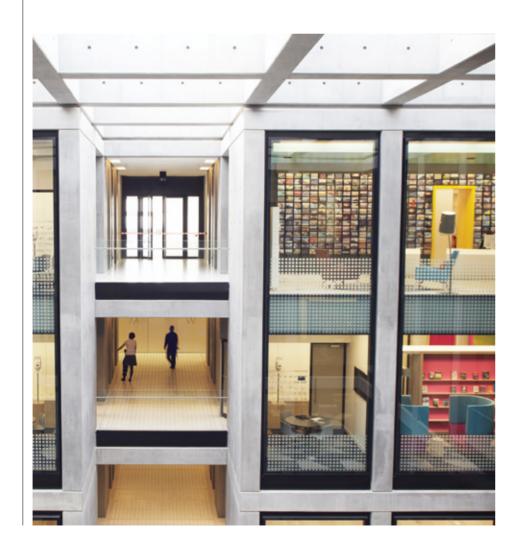


Setting up your office

London offers an unrivalled range of property: from flexible office start-ups through to multi-storey buildings, prestigious headquarters and secure warehousing. This section explains what you're likely to get for your money and the best ways to fit out a space.

LONDON IS EUROPE'S LEADING LOCATION FOR EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS.

LONDON & PARTNERS
CAN HELP YOU FIND THE
BEST LOCATION FOR YOUR
BUSINESS BASED ON
YOUR NEEDS, LONDON
DEMOGRAPHICS, ACCESS
TO SUPPLIERS AND KEY
CUSTOMER MARKETS.





Planning your office starts with your people, says JOE FIRESTONE, Director at Progress Work Place Solutions.

Before you do anything, collate the information you need to create a brief for your designer. Start with an organisational chart and consider how this will be affected during your likely expansion throughout the lease term.

Ask yourself: would separate offices or open-plan best suit working practices? How many meeting rooms are required? Are there any unique specifications?

Collect photos of your overseas offices and seek guidance from colleagues who have delivered projects before. What would they have done differently? Decide whether you are going to replicate the look and feel of your other offices, or adopt a London look.

Your brief should feature desired and essential features and physical needs such as the number of required meeting rooms. Clearly state your IT requirements. Do you need a server room? Video conferencing? Laptop or PC-based solutions? You should also decide how the workplace should 'feel'.

Collate all the information ready for a discussion with your designer and/or project manager. They can fill in gaps. And choose a fit-out company that has proven experience of setting up other overseas companies in London.

)o...

- >> Employ a professional designer and/or project manager.
- >> Establish your requirements throughout the likely lease period.
- the likely lease period.Decide on your office look and culture.
- If you operate in a talent-competitive sector, think about how your facilities could attract the talent you will need to succeed.
- >> Decide how much you want to be involved personally.

Don't...

- Attempt to deal with the statutory regulations, contractors and suppliers yourself.
- Assume additional space can be added as the business expands.
- >> Assume that services and costs will be the same as your home market.
- >> Spend your valuable time on setting up the office unless you want to.
- >>> Rush. It's important that you set a realistic timetable and understand how long the search, negotiation and fit-out process is likely to take. Usually the physical fit-out can be completed within eight weeks of signing a lease.

progressfurnishing.co.uk

6677

Without London & Partners it would have been difficult to get our new office set up. Frankly, we probably wouldn't have done it.

ANTHONY PEREIRA CEO ALTPOWER



There is no standard lease in the UK, says DAISY YORK, Head of Residential Corporate Services at Knight Frank, so you can negotiate your main terms of occupation with the landlord directly.

Key factors to consider include:

- >> Rent reviews: most leases allow the landlord periodically (typically every five years) to increase the rent.
- >> Rent-free periods: the length of any rent-free period will depend on the overall terms of any transaction.
- >> Lease length: 5 to 15 years is typical, although break clauses can be negotiated.
- >> Insurance and repairs: a professional team should make sure that your premises are in good condition, and negotiate insurance and repair liabilities.
- >> Ancillary costs: explore rates, value-added tax, stamp duty, Land Registry fees and service charges on multi-tenanted buildings.

knightfrank.co.uk

PRACTICAL STEPS
SETTING UP YOUR OFFICE



Predicting where your business will be in five years is extremely difficult, says GERAINT EVANS, Sales and Marketing Director at Avanta Serviced Office Group.

If your business can't commit to a long-term lease, a serviced office is the ideal option.

However there are a number of factors to consider:

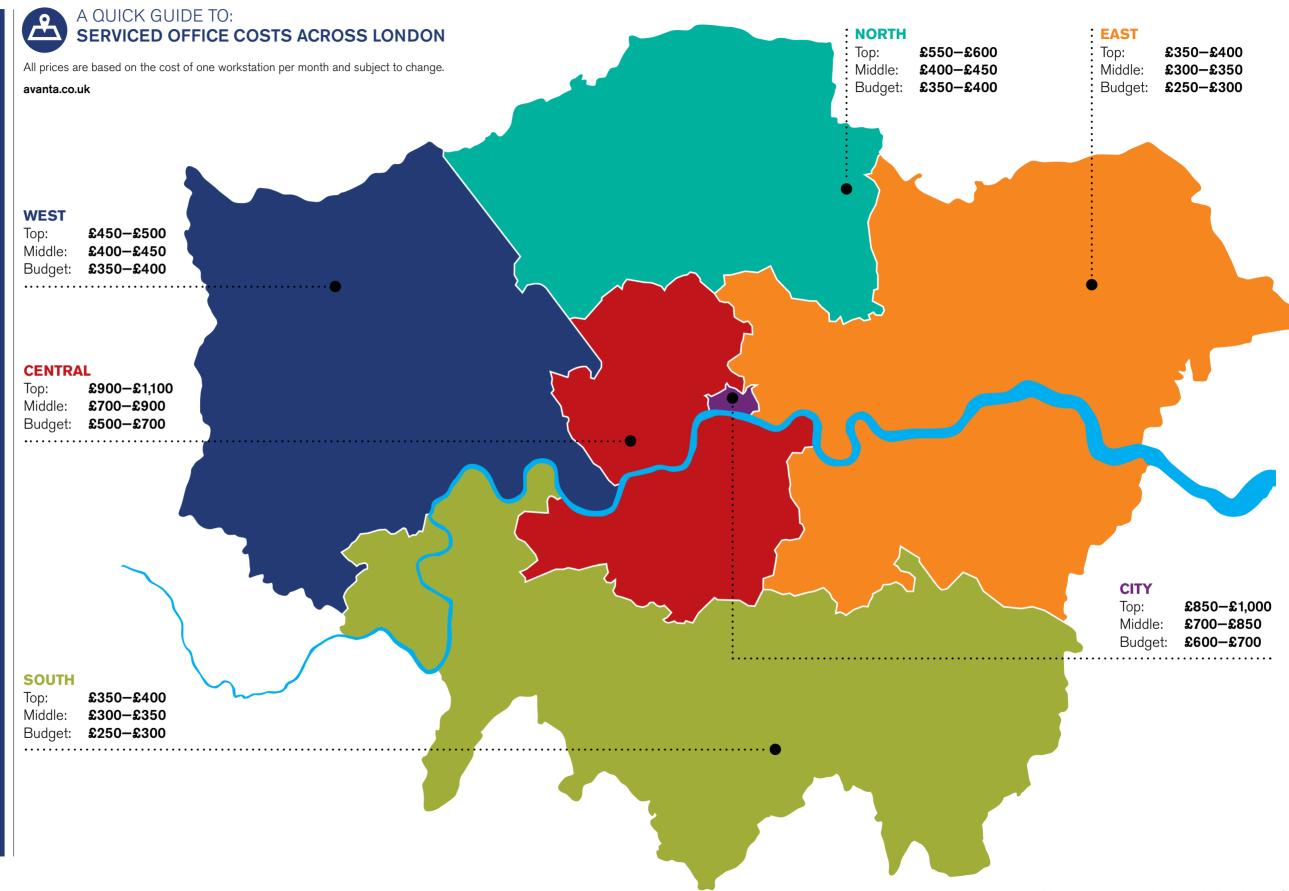
- >> Location: ensure your location fits your business image, offers good amenities and transport links.
- >> Price: if cost is an issue go for an allinclusive package. Additional services will be included in your license fee. Perfect for smaller budgets.
- >> Service: you can't beat great service.

 Always look for a provider that

 delivers the business support services
 you need to grow your business.
- >> Networking: Some providers, like Avanta, offer free networking events for clients. A great opportunity to meet and do business with other like-minded companies.



avanta.co.uk



28

Virtual

A mailbox address and phone number, or where a third party provider offers to employ a person who would otherwise be an overseas company's UK employee.

Unless used for a very short period of time no, or very few, UK start-up expenses are saved by setting up a virtual office. You may end up paying the same amount as is required for setting up an entity, as well as the virtual office fees. You miss out on receiving exposure of your name in the UK and the opportunity to reserve your name at Companies House.

Fully-furnished and serviced

Provides all initial start-up support, including furniture, meeting and conference rooms, communal secretarial/receptionist service, a telephone system and IT cabling.

These offices are charged monthly on a per person basis, and you can expect typical contracts of three to twelve months with a one-month notice period. Touchdown clients receive 25% off serviced offices within the Avanta portfolio.

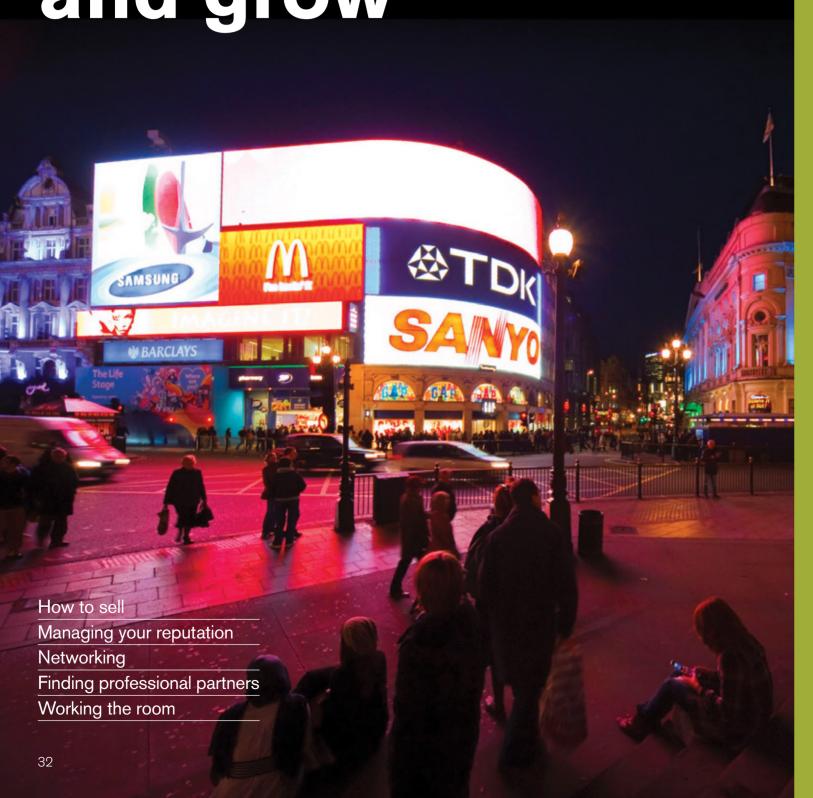
Permanent

Leasehold or freehold (where you own the offices outright) premises.

The search for permanent office space can be time-consuming, and it usually takes between four and six months to find a property and move in. London & Partners' professional network of commercial property agents, lawyers and architectural/workplace planning consultants can assist in every aspect of the process, ensuring that your office move runs smoothly.



Launch and grow





How to sell in the UK

Act like a local, says
JAMES BLAKEMORE,
Managing Director of business
development consultancy
JMB Partnership.



01

Analyse your successes in your home market. Which customers earn you most profit? Find similar customers in the UK to target.

Set up a proper UK presence to

prove you are serious. Set up a UK

UZ

Create case studies featuring recognisable brands. Decision-makers like buying products and services that have already been purchased by recognisable brands. Offer preferential rates to entice big brands to buy.

 \bigcirc

Translate your marketing materials.
Use local knowledge and language skills to translate your website and marketing

05

Find out your competitors' rates and prices. Don't just convert your home country prices into pounds using an exchange rate calculator. The UK market might offer the opportunity for bigger margins.

06

Use trade shows to introduce your product/service. Even if you don't invest in a stand, you can book meetings and network with prospects. But don't try to sell to exhibitors without organising a meeting: they have invested in a stand to sell to their customers and will be put off by unscheduled sales pitches.



07

Meet people. Identify your targets and ask for a meeting. The more people you meet, the more chance you have of growing your business by word-of-mouth. The best sales tool is recommendation.



There are many ways to develop professionally and personally, according to London & Partners' experts and clients

Sell, sell, sell

■■ Be very direct. Here the market works quickly. You don't need a long pre-sales period of 6–12 months as in other markets. When people see your solution they will say yes or no and you can move on."

Menelaos Ioannidis Managing Partner Sense One Technologies

Leverage agencies

London's large agency infrastructure is important for the rapid growth of HootSuite. We wanted to be at the heart of agency culture. Being in central London also helps us attract and retain talent."

Ambrosia Humphrey
Director of Human Resources
HootSuite



It's never too early to start creating a buzz around your new London business, says JOANNA DODD, Managing Director at Rochester PR Group.

Get your message right. You know your business in its home territory, what to say and who to say it to, but launching in London requires a fresh look at your brand and how it could appeal to a new audience, in a new country, with new competitors.

Know your stakeholders. Take time to discover who is important to your business, what is important to them and how to communicate with them. It won't be the same as 'back home'.

Manage your reputation from the outset. Planning to invest in your brand PR at a later stage? Don't – start now. Social media has changed the PR landscape and if you don't talk about your business, someone else might, and not always positively. Remember Warren Buffet's famous adage: "It takes twenty years to build a reputation and five minutes to ruin it."



Do's and don'ts: using a PR consultancy

Before you do anything, take the time to write down your business objectives and any background information that might be useful.

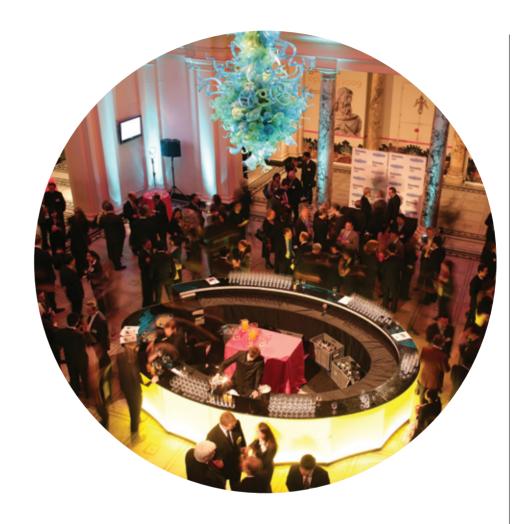
Do..

- Work out what you are trying to do and who you are trying to reach: are you trying to generate sales enquiries? Recruit? Influence opinion formers?
- Define your corporate and market positioning: a good PR consultancy will also be able to help do this as part of their work for you.
- wheet and brief: this is when your written document is needed. Explain what you are trying to achieve and ask the consultancy to outline what they can do for you and any insight they can provide from similar projects or clients with whom they have worked. They might present their credentials or supply this after the meeting. Remember that the more information you give, the more specific their response is likely to be.
- On appointment: take the consultancy into your confidence, share information and answer any questions that they might have.

Don't...

- Overlook other marketing activity: consider what you can achieve by networking with industry contacts and through other marketing activity, events, sponsorship, and trade and consumer shows. Your PR should support these.
- >> Assume the UK media works in the same way as it does in your home territory. There will be differences.
- Leave the budget vague: try to give an upper and lower figure. It will be a waste of time on both sides if a consultancy prepares a programme for a large budget when you only have limited funds and vice-versa.
- Set unrealistic timetables: don't ask for the proposal immediately if you cannot guarantee to give a speedy response in return.

rochesterprgroup.co.uk



Networking and finding professional partners

London & Partners can introduce you to a vast network of professional partners and new business opportunities. But how do you build on this to make your contacts productive and profitable? This section tells you how.



Networking is about buying as well as selling, says STUART WEBSTER, Marketing Manager at the London Chamber of Commerce.

- 1 Select your event carefully. Attend events that are likely to attract your customers or target contacts.
- 2 Make a memorable first impression. Say succinctly what your organisation offers.
- **3** Listen to people's needs and try to help.
- 4 Focus on establishing a mutual interest, not closing sales.
- 5 Offer your business card when the conversation is underway. Do not thrust a card in the person's hand the moment you meet.
- 6 Make notes on the back of business cards you collect. This will refresh your memory when following up.
- 7 Work the room. Don't spend too much of your time at an event with one person: aim to spend 70% of your time with people you don't already know.
- 8 Follow up contacts of interest within 24 hours. Tailor your email by highlighting key points or your conversation.
- 9 Email target contacts you didn't get the chance to meet at the event and try to arrange a meeting
- **10 Be prepared to buy** as well as sell, and share information as well as gather it.

londonchamber.co.uk



JAMES LAYFIELD, CEO of business support service Central Working, says the secret of successful networking lies in mixing formal with informal meet-ups.

Networking is just trying to get to the people and resources to help you to grow your business and improve your life. Never is this more important than when you start out in a new city.

In London, we are awash with opportunities to make connections. Websites like Eventbrite.co.uk, MeetUp.com or Lanyard.com will yield a plethora of potential meetings, events, lunches, drinks and other activities.

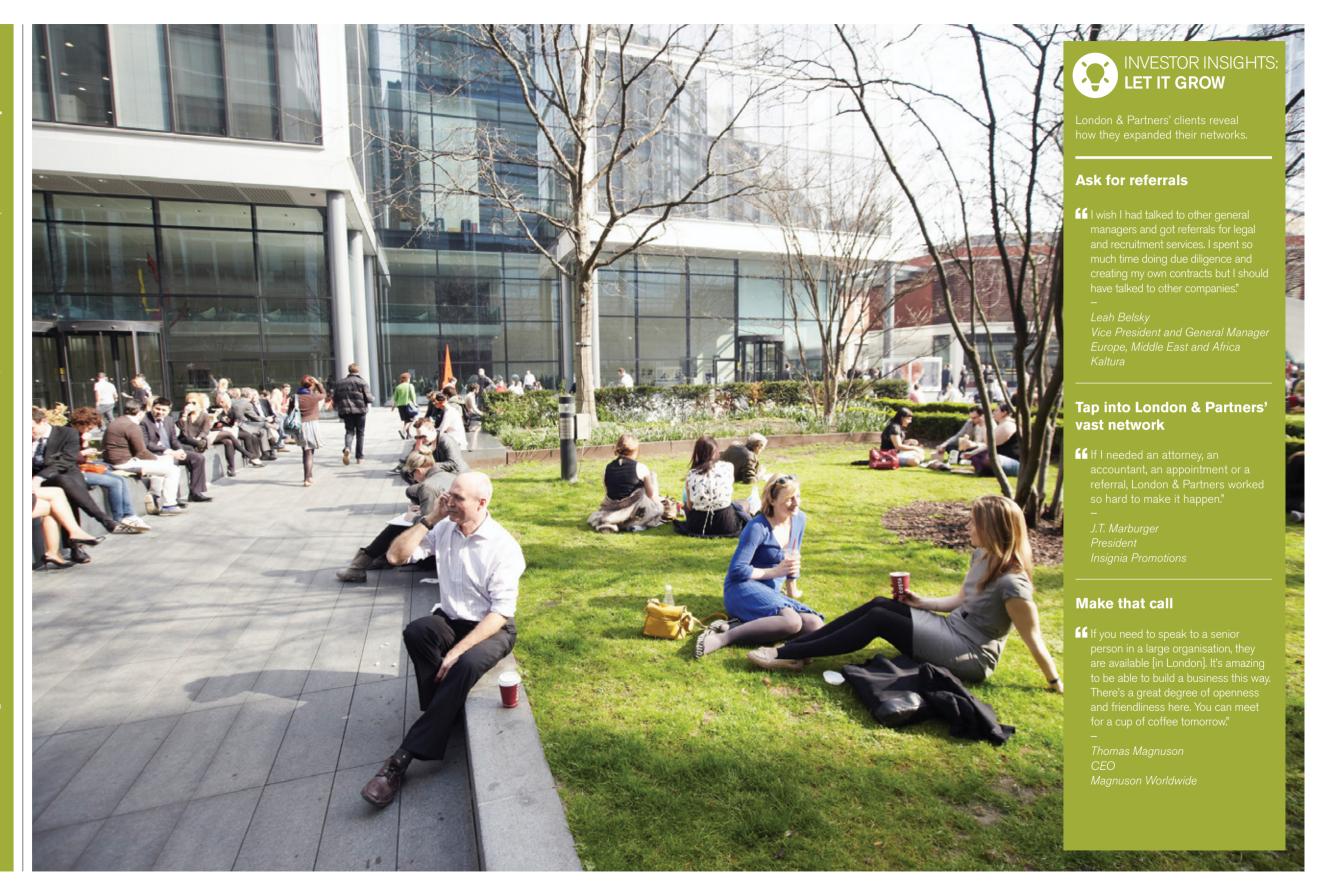
I recommend combining more sociable evening mixers, with some more formal meet-ups. This should give you a broad range of people and topics.

Events that you have to pay to attend generally put you in a room with more relevant and helpful individuals

Once at the event you have to be interested: it's not just about broadcasting what you want or need Listen and try to help them with thei challenges and opportunities.

This open, collaborative approach is at the very heart of my business, Central Working. We have been described by LinkedIn as 'the real world LinkedIn'. If you need connections and contacts ther Central Working can help you find them. Let us help you launch into the UK.

centralworking.com





Get the most out of living in London

London is one of the most exciting and vibrant cities on earth. This chapter takes you through the best ways to set up home and enjoy daily life in the metropolis.



Eight golden rules for finding a home

Relocating to a new city can be exciting as long as you know the basics and you find the right agent, says JEMMA SCOTT, Head of Residential Corporate Services at Knight Frank.

knightfrank.co.uk/corporateservices

03

Try the commute. Once you've found your preferred area, tackle a journey to the office during rush hour. Could you do this every day? The average commute in London is 45 minutes.

05

Make a clear offer. Once you've found the right property, you need to work with your agent to put an offer to the landlord. This should outline the terms under which you wish to take on the property and include the rental price, length of tenancy and any other requests such as repainting or removal of items.

07

Read the small print. Make

sure your contract includes your requested terms and don't be afraid to ask for an explanation of anything you don't understand.

01

Be realistic. London remains one of the world's most expensive cities. Around £2,000 a month will not get you a four-bedroom apartment in central Chelsea but you might find a fantastic flat overlooking the river or a pied-a-terre off the fashionable Kings Road.

Get your paperwork in order. Once

need to complete references and pay an

administration fee to secure the property.

from your bank, employer and a previous

the terms are agreed, you will usually

Your agent will usually ask for letters

landlord, and a personal reference to confirm that you will be a suitable tenant, able to pay the rent. Administration fees, usually a few hundred pounds, are needed to prepare the paperwork and inventory and source references.



Get your timing right. The London rental market moves very quickly so the earliest you should start viewing apartments is four to six weeks before your move date. Any earlier and landlords are often unwilling to wait.

04

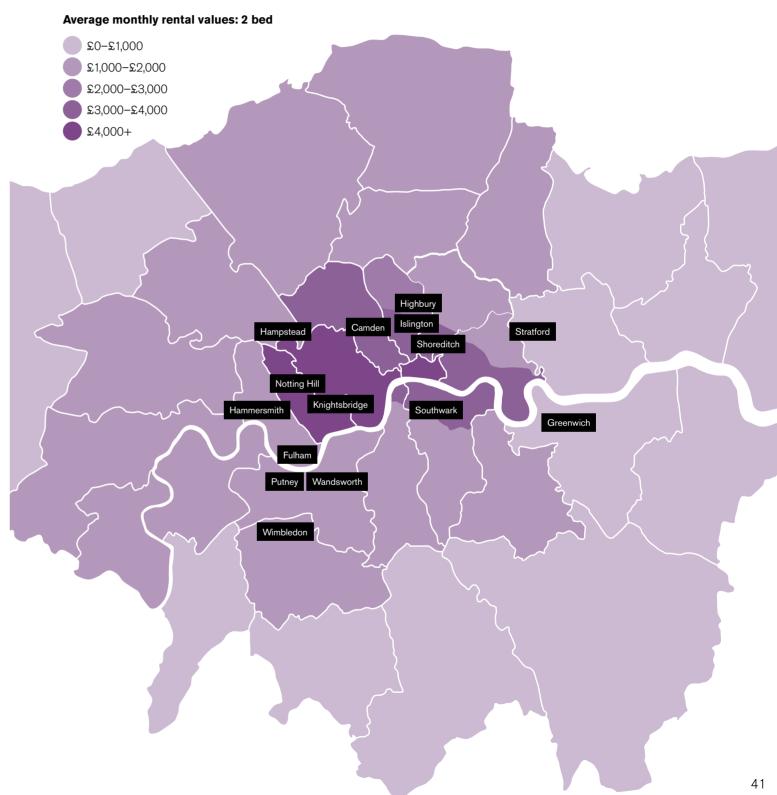
Find a local pub. To find out what really goes on in your preferred neighbourhood, head to the local pub. Who drinks there? What's the atmosphere like inside? What do the locals think of the area? Where are the best places to go? A ten-minute chat is worth hours of online research.



08

Return to the pub. Once the contracts have been signed and you have collected your keys, return to the pub to celebrate, introducing yourself as a true local.

What price for a roof over your head?



40



01

Find a good bar where you can wind down, cement relationships and meet new people. After-work socialising is big in London.

02

Request restaurant recommendations for your area. Many of London's biggest business deals are sealed in its Michelin-starred restaurants.

03

Dress to impress. Londoners are very fashion-conscious and business attire is sleek rather than 'street'. Discover the London shopping scene, including Oxford Street, Regent Street, Savile Row and Knightsbridge.



FIVE GOLDEN RULES: MIXING BUSINESS WITH PLEASURE

London offers a rich mix of work and play. Stick to these rules to get the most out of city life, says KATIE SHAPLEY, MD of business and lifestyle relocation specialists The Organisers.

theorganisers.com



04

Meet a client over a traditional English afternoon tea. We recommend Brown's Hotel, The Dorchester and Claridge's.

05

Practise your English at a networking event or find a tutor from a company such as The Organisers.



The average price of a loaf of bread and other essentials



£1.56



£0.79



£2.70Cup of coffee



£8.99



£490Men's two-piece suit





£12 Cinema ticket



£57
Concert ticket



£959.40
Annual gym membership



The competition for good school places in London is fierce, so start planning early, says LEE RENNICK from relocation consultants
First Tiger.

The main options for education in London are the state and private systems.

The state system operates on a catchment area policy: your home address entitles you to a place at a local school within a certain geographical radius. You will be asked to select your preferred schools from a list, but you will not be guaranteed a place at your 'number one' choice. The local education authority allocates school places, rather than the school itself.

Parents do not pay for state school education, except to fund items such as uniforms and school trips.

Every state school is assessed and scored for the quality of its education. Visit ofsted.gov.uk to read the reports. State school classes are typically around 30 to 35 pupils in size, with a teacher and teaching assistant.

In the private sector, you are not limited to a catchment area: you can apply to any school you choose. Most private schools have feeder nurseries that they take their children from so it is important to know where to try and place pre-school children.

You can find ratings for independent schools at isc.co.uk.

Private nurseries and schools have smaller class sizes compared to state schools: typically 12–15 children per class with a teacher and teaching assistant. Annual private school fees range from around £8,000 to more than £18,000 per year.



Applying to a private school usually involves an interview and an entrance exam, paid for by the parent.

The waiting lists for the best schools can run into years. Employing a school consultant is often the best way to navigate the system. First Tiger has established relationships with many London schools and can help you find a place and arrange inspections of your chosen schools.

firsttiger.co.uk

3. All prices from the 2012 Cost of Living and Quality of Life in International Financial Centres report, compiled for the City of London by Mercer.

ENJOY LONDON LIFE TRAVELLING TO AND AROUND THE CITY



London has accommodation perfectly designed to suit all tastes whether you are visiting for business or for leisure. says DEARBHLA MAC FADDEN. Marketing Director at Edwardian Group, London, To find the right hotel there are a few key factors to consider:

Location: choose a hotel that is close to everything important to your visit, such as quality bars and restaurants, client and supplier offices, events and attractions or major transport links.

Affordability: check whether the hotel prices are all-inclusive or not. The use of some facilities can cost extra. so make sure everything you need is included in the price.

Convenience: travelling can be exhausting. Pick a hotel with amenities that will help you relax and unwind. Online reviews or quest testimonials can be a good way to verify the hotel's suitability.

Edwardian Group, London is a collection of boutique luxury hotels in prestigious locations across London including Radisson Blu Edwardian. London and The May Fair Hotel. All of the hotels are within walking distance of London's most popular areas and attractions, such as Leicester Square, Covent Garden, Oxford Street and Bloomsbury, Each of Edwardian Group's hotels, restaurants and spas has its own distinctive character and aims to create extraordinary experiences, so even the shortest stay is a memorable one.

edwardian.com

Time off and time out

As a London resident, you, your family and friends will have easy access to some of the world's best sights and attractions. Here are London & Partners' top ten reasons to spend time away from your desk.



Top attractions: you can't fail to be excited by London's amazing attractions. See London from above on the EDF Energy London Eye, meet a celebrity at Madame Tussauds or examine some of the world's most precious treasures at the British Museum.

West End theatre: London has the best theatre scene so don't be surprised to see a few famous faces on the London stage. Take your pick from long-running musicals, classic plays or a West End debut.

Premier shopping destination: vou're spoilt for choice when shopping in London; from the flagship stores on Oxford Street, to gifts and bric-a-brac at London's markets, or visit an iconic department store such as Harrods or Selfridges.

Iconic skyline: there are plenty of places to view the iconic skyline along the river, but make sure you take in a panoramic view of London from up high at some point during your stay.

Beautiful green spaces: the capital is home to eight beautiful Royal Parks. including Hyde Park, St James's Park and Richmond Park. Alternatively, visit one of London's peaceful gardens such as Kew or Chelsea Physic Garden.

River and waterways: the Thames flows through central London and provides a stunning backdrop to many of the city's top tourist attractions. River bus services and river tours are great ways to beat the traffic and enjoy wonderful views.

Top sport: see a match in London or take a tour of the capital's spectacular sporting venues from Chelsea FC's home at Stamford Bridge, to Lord's Cricket Ground or Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Museum.

Free attractions: London is home to some of the best museums and galleries in the world - many of which are free, Spend a few hours in the British Museum, Tate Modern, Natural History Museum or the Science Museum, where you can browse the permanent collections at no cost.

visitlondon.com

Touching down and getting around London

Oyster is London's travel smartcard and is the easiest and cheapest way of paying to travel around London, whether you are using the Tube, bus, tram, DLR, London Overground, Emirates Air Line or National Rail services.

Oyster card.

The Transport for London (TfL) website provides information on all modes of London transport. For 24-hour travel information, call +44 (0)843 222 1234 or visit their website tfl.gov.uk



London Underground: there are 11 colour-coded Tube lines. The network is divided into nine zones with different fare structures. Peak single ticket in London's Zone 1 - £4.80 cash; £2.30 with an

National Rail: trains are useful for reaching places not served by the Underground. The main central London train stations are Euston, Waterloo, Victoria, Paddington, King's Cross, St Pancras International, London Bridge, Liverpool Street and Charing Cross.

Rail services in London, as well as on buses.

Taxi: London's famous black cabs offer a safe, reliable door-to-door service. Taxis can be hailed on the street when the yellow taxi light is on and at designated taxi ranks.

WITH FIVE INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORTS AND A CROSS-CONTINENTAL **HIGH-SPEED RAIL**

NETWORK. LONDON

IS EUROPE'S MOST

ACCESSIBLE CITY.

Docklands Light Railway: the Docklands Light Railway (DLR) serves Bank, Tower Gateway, Docklands and Greenwich. Tickets must be purchased before boarding a train.

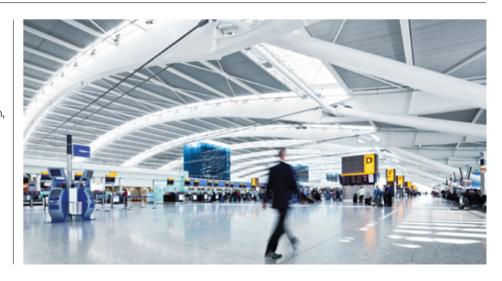
Bicycle: Barclays Cycle Hire is the easy way to cycle in central London. Just walk up to a docking station and hire a bike using your credit or debit card.

Bus: pay with an Oyster when boarding. Tickets cost, per bus journey, £1.50 with an Oyster.

Contactless Payment: You can use your contactless payment card to travel on Tube, tram, DLR, London Overground and most National

Arrive by air: London boasts the best transport links in Europe. There are five international airports: London Heathrow, London Gatwick, London City, London Stansted and London Luton. All of Europe's principal cities are within a two-hour flight. And if cost as well as time is a consideration. most airports also feature low-cost airlines.

Arrive by Eurostar: there are frequent Eurostar services to London St Pancras International from Paris and Brussels daily. Travel from Paris to central London in just two hours 15 minutes or from Brussels in one hour and 51 minutes.



London & Partners' specialist business network can help you:



Create a powerful **business** case for expanding to London

suppliers •labour and recruitment • return on investment planning



Create the **perfect office** property experts • office fitters • architects • IT and telecommunications specialists



Find the **best location**

free and low-cost office space . key clients • transport links • infrastructure • business support services • labour pools •



Build a **network** of partners events • private sector • public sector •

central government • local government • policy-makers • lawyers • bankers • insurers • marketeers and social media



Recruit the right people

specialist recruitment agencies • senior executives • middle management • admin employees • training funding • salary benchmarking • employment practice and law



Enjoy **London life**

finding a home • visas • work permits • schools and colleges • enjoy London culture

We are the official promotional company for London.

We promote London and attract businesses, events, congresses, students and visitors to the capital. Our aims are to build London's international reputation and to attract investment and visitor spend, which create jobs and growth.

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London & Partners:

- >> Are the experts on doing business in the capital; helping overseas businesses to set up, and grow
- >> Inspires leisure and business tourists to visit London, and help to attract and grow major events and congresses in London
- >>> Promotes London and its world-class universities to overseas prospective students.

Contact us to see how we can help. business@londonandpartners.com +44 (0)207 234 5800

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