



HYDE PARK

MAYFAIR

THE GREEN PARK

BUCKINGHAM PALACE GARDENS

ST. JAMES'S PARK

- Underground Station
- Bus Stop
- Railway Station
- Public Toilets
- Kiosk
- Pedestrian Crossing
- Guards
- Statue
- Memorial
- Jubilee Walkway
- Permitted cycle path
- Public access sites (opening periods vary)
- Non public access sites
- Park features
- Diana Princess of Wales Memorial Walk

THE ROYAL PARKS OF LONDON

RAIL & TUBE STATIONS CLOSE TO THE ROYAL PARKS

1 QUEENSWAY	14 GREEN PARK	21 BARNES
2 PADDOCKTON	15 GREEN CROSS	22 EAST PUTNEY
3 FARRERS GREEN	16 CHANCERY CROSS	23 NORWICH
4 LANCASTER GATE	17 WESTMINSTER	24 DUFFY SAGE
5 FARRERS LARCH	18 ST JAMES'S PARK	25 GREENWICH
6 BAKER STREET	19 VICTORIA	26 BACKHEATH
7 REGENT PARK	20 HAMPSTEAD	27 FRODO HILL
8 ST JOHN'S CIRCUS	21 HARTPOUR WICK	28 BARNBY STATION
9 CHALK FARM	22 HORNSEA VILLAGE	29 BLUE BIRDON
10 HORNSEA VILLAGE	23 HAMPSTEAD COURT	30 DOCKLAND LIGHT RAILWAY
11 EASTON	24 NORTH GREEN	
12 ST MARK'S	25 NORTH SHIELD	
13 HIGH STREET BARNSTON	26 HORTON	

WALKING DISTANCE (MINUTES) 1 2

PARK MANAGEMENT
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METROPOLITAN POLICE
 Storey's Gate Lodge, St James's Park
 London SW1A 2BJ
 T: 999 for emergencies.
 T: +44 (0) 20 7706 7272 for non-emergencies within the park.
 The park is open from 5am until midnight.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE GREEN PARK

1554 The Park was first recorded when Sir Thomas Wyatt led a rebellion in protest against the marriage of Mary I to Philip II of Spain

1668 The land was enclosed by Charles II, stocked with deer and provided with a ranger's house. It was known as Upper St James's Park

1746 Upper St James's Park became officially known as The Green Park

1826 The park was opened to the general public

1827 John Nash re-landscaped the park as part of alterations to St James's Park. Trees were planted for the first time. Constitution Hill was designated to make a processional route into the Mall outside Buckingham Palace

1994 The memorial to Canadian soldiers was added to remember people who served in the two world wars

2002 The Queen inaugurated a war memorial next to Constitution Hill, dedicated to five million personnel in the services from the Indian Sub-Continent, Africa and the Caribbean

FAMOUS LANDMARKS

BUCKINGHAM PALACE has served as the official London residence of Britain's sovereigns since 1837. Changing of the Guard takes place at 11:30am every day in the summer, and alternate days in the winter.

QUEEN VICTORIA MEMORIAL is a 25 metre (82ft) high edifice by the sculptor Thomas Brock and the architect Aston Webb. The whole edifice and statues are of white marble, of which a generous 2,300 tons were used.

CLARENCE HOUSE was designed by John Nash and built between 1825 and 1827 for the Duke of Clarence, later William IV. It was the London home to the late Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother.

ST JAMES'S PALACE was built by Henry VIII alongside the newly acquired deer park in 1532. St James's Park. It is still the official Royal Court.

SPENCER HOUSE was built in 1756-66 for John, first Earl Spencer, an ancestor of Diana, Princess of Wales (1961-97). Situated in the heart of St James's, Spencer House is a short distance from St James's Palace, Buckingham Palace and the Palace of Westminster, and has a splendid terrace and garden with magnificent views of Green Park.

HYDE PARK CORNER is the location of the famous Wellington Arch together with the Wellington Statue. It is also home to the Machine Gun Corps Memorial, The Royal Artillery Memorial, The Australian War Memorial and the New Zealand War Memorial.

THE ROYAL PARKS

www.royalparksofuk.org.uk